Claims after this response:

1. (Currently Amended) An integrated circuit wafer comprising:

a substrate comprising a wafer material, said substrate having first and second surfaces, said substrate comprising a circuit layer comprising integrated circuit elements and a substrate layer that lacks integrated circuit elements adjacent to said circuit layer, said circuit layer being located between said first surface and said substrate layer.

said first surface having a circuit layer comprising integrated circuit elements constructed thereon extending a maximum distance from said first surface into said substrate such that all of said integrated circuit elements are located between said first surface and said maximum distance;

a plurality of vias extending from said first surface through said circuit layer and into said substrate layer a first distance from said first surface of said substrate into said substrate, said first distance being loss than the distance between said first and second surfaces of said substrate said first distance being greater than said maximum distance, said vias having a bottom surface comprising a stop layer covering said bottom surface, said stop layer comprising a stop material that is more resistant to removal by polishing than said wafer material, said stop layer not being part of any of said integrated circuit elements.

2(Original). The integrated circuit waser of Claim 1 wherein said stop material comprises a material chosen from the group consisting of Ta, TaN, W, WN, Ta_xSi_yN_z, W₂, and Si_yN_z, and wherein said waser material comprises silicon.

3(Original). The integrated circuit wafer of Claim 1 wherein said vias are lined with a layer of an electrically insulating material.

4(Original). The integrated circuit wafer of Claim 3 wherein said electrically insulating material comprises SiO₂.

5(Original). The integrated circuit wafer of Claim 3 wherein said vias are filled with

an electrically conducting material.

6(Original). The integrated circuit wafer of Claim 5 wherein said electrically conducting material comprises an element chosen from the group consisting of copper, tungsten, platinum, and titanium.

7. (Currently Amended) An integrated circuit wafer comprising:

a substrate comprising a wafer material, said substrate having first and second surfaces, said substrate comprising a circuit layer comprising integrated circuit elements and a substrate layer that lacks integrated circuit elements adjacent to said circuit layer, said circuit layer being located between said first surface and said substrate layer, said first surface having a circuit layer comprising integrated circuit elements constructed thereon and extending a maximum distance from said first surface into said substrate such that all of said integrated circuit elements are located between said first surface and said maximum distance;

a plurality of vias extending from said first surface through said circuit layer and into said substrate layer a first distance from said first surface of said substrate into said substrate, said first distance being less than the distance between said first and second surfaces of said substrate said first distance being greater than said maximum distance, said vias having a bottom surface comprising a stop layer covering said bottom surface, said stop layer comprising a stop material that is more resistant to removal by polishing than said wafer material, said stop layer not being part of any of said integrated circuit elements.

a dielectric layer having top and bottom surfaces, said dielectric layer covering said circuit layer such that said bottom surface is in contact with said integrated circuit layer; and

a plurality of electrical conductors buried in said dielectric layer and making electrical connections to said integrated circuit elements.

8. (Original). The integrated circuit wafer of Claim 7 wherein at least one of said vias extends through said dielectric layer and wherein said one of said vias is filled with an electrically conducting material, said via terminating in an electrically conducting pad on said

top surface of said dielectric layer.

9(Original). The integrated circuit waser of Claim 8 wherein said electrically conducting pad extends above said top surface of said dielectric layer.

10(Original). The integrated circuit wafer of Claim 8 wherein one of said electrical conductors is connected electrically to said one of said vias.

11(Withdrawn). A method for thinning a wafer to provide a circuit layer having a predetermined thickness, said method comprising:

providing a wafer having first and second surfaces comprising a wafer material with said circuit layer fabricated on said first surface thereof;

generating a plurality of vias, each via extending from said first surface to a first depth;

depositing a layer of a stop material in said vias, said stop material being more resistant to CMP than said wafer material; and

removing material from said second surface of said wafer utilizing CMP, said layer of stop material preventing said CMP from removing wafer material closer to said first surface than said first depth.

12(Withdrawn). The method of Claim 11 wherein said stop material comprises a material chosen from the group consisting of Ta, TaN, W, WN and wherein said wafer material comprises silicon.

13(Withdrawn). The method of Claim 11 wherein said wafer further comprises a layer of dielectric material covering said circuit layer, said dielectric layer being characterized by a thickness, and wherein said first distance and said thickness are equal to said predetermined thickness.

14(Withdrawn). A method for adding a second circuit layer to a first wafer comprising a first circuit layer, said method comprising the steps of:

providing a plurality of bonding pads on a first surface of said first wafer;

providing a second wafer comprising a substrate of a wafer material and said second circuit layer, said second circuit layer being fabricated on a first surface of said substrate and being covered by a layer of dielectric material, said wafer further comprising a plurality of vias extending a predetermined distance from said first surface of said substrate into said substrate, said vias including a layer of stop material, said stop material being more resistant to CMP than said wafer material;

providing a plurality of bonding pads on said second wafer, there being a one to one correspondence between said bonding pads on said first and second wafers;

positioning said first and second wafers such that said bonding pads on said first wafer are brought in contact with said bonding pads on said second wafer;

causing said corresponding bonding pads to bond to one another; and

removing a portion of said second wafer by CMP of the surface of said second wafer that is not bonded to said first wafer, said stop layer in said vias determining the amount of material that is removed.

15(Withdrawn). The method of Claim 14, wherein said stop material comprises a material chosen from the group consisting of Ta, TaN, W, WN and wherein said wafer material comprises silicon.

16(Withdrawn). The method of Claim 14 further the steps of:

depositing a layer of dielectric on said surface of said second wafer from which said portion was removed; and

positioning a mask with respect to said second wafer utilizing said vias as fiduciary marks.

17. (Currently Amended) The integrated circuit waser of Claim 1 wherein said <u>circuit</u> layer has a thickness maximum distance is between 4 and 9 microns.